

MAGNETIC DRIVE PUMPS

MPA 23/11 - MPA 41/31

Operating principle

The distinctive feature of magnetic drive pump is the absence of a connection between motor and pump.

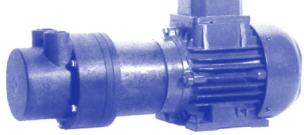
The rotation of the impeller is obtained by the magnetic force between two magnets: one is coupled to the motor, the other drives the impeller.

This construction guaranties the highest reliability and avoids any leackage, so maintenance interventions are reduced and simplified.

The materials used are:

- Polypropylene and PVDF for plastic components.
- Ceramics (Al2 O3 99,7%) for shaft and thrust ring.
- · Rulon for bearings
- EPDM or Viton for the O-ring.





SELFPRIMING

F C D		
E		
AAAAAG		

MODEL	MPA 23/11 - MPA41/31		
Α	1/2"*	3/4"*	
С	71	90	
D	90	113	
E	325	435	
F	128	150	
G	90	112	
H	112	136	
WATT	120	750	
PHASES	1-3	1/3	
Rpm	2800/3450	2800/3450	
KG	4,300	9,200	

^{*} Female

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DIRECTIVES:

- The pump should never run dry.
- Dirty liquids and crystals reduce the life of the bearings.
- The ambient temperature should be between 0 and 40 °C.
- Flame proof motors should be used in explosive atmospheres.
- The liquid should not crystallize in the pump.
- The maximum temperature of the pumped liquid should be: 70 °C (for PP) 95 °C (for PVDF)
- The pump is self priming.



EXPLODED VIEW MAGNETIC DRIVE PUMP 12 14 15 10 16 11 13 1 Motor 6 Impeller magnet 12 Counter flange 2 Flange 13 Key 7 key 14 O-ring 3 Drive magnet 8 Shaft 4 Rear casing 9 Flange 15 Front casing 5 Thrust ring 16 Screw 10 Impeller 11 Thrust ring

Curve references: water at ambient temperature

